Aircraft data and Covid-19: impact and mitigation measures at ECMWF

Bruce Ingleby^{*1}

¹ECMWF – Shinfield Park, Reading, RG2 9AX, United Kingdom

Abstract

Meteorological reports from aircraft are an important source of data for global weather forecasting. Their largest impact is in the upper troposphere at short-range as determined from observing system experiments. Due to the pandemic the number of aircraft reports reduced by about 75% between mid-March and mid-April 2020, recovering somewhat to almost 50% of normal by July 2020. However it is difficult to see any evidence of degradation in forecast skill - partly because forecast skill varies on daily, monthly and anual time-scales.

New satellite data became available during 2020 and ECMWF started using European Mode-S aircraft winds to mitigate the loss of standard aircraft reports. So, despite the downturn in aviation we are now using more aircraft reports over Europe than before the pandemic.

Keywords: aircraft data, verification, Covid, 19

*Speaker